2) Where lines cross and coincide, a complex of

articulations is suggested.

4) It is assumed that each player makes a repeat should they traverse the whole sequence before cut off. After any termination by conductor return to beginning on signal.

3) The pitch areas are free.

CANON SAX. SAX. SAX. CLAR.

Palmer Cram Hatfield Reilly STG 5 Palmer 17 WIND 5 Cram 13 Hatfield 17 Reilly 7 SAX 4 Palmer 11 cram 11 Reilly 17 Hatfield 17 Palmer 17 Cram 13 PERC Palmer 7 SYNTH GTR Story Lowe honge TUTTI PIANO SOLO **Notes** 1) This section is concerned with greater or lesser activity. The more vertical the line, the DIIO more activity, and the more horizontal line suggests slower articulations.

SINGLE. SAX. SAX. SAX. CLAR.



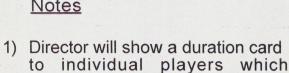
PIANO SOLO

B



Notes

of a chosen line.



2) Players to follow duration sequence in rotation. ie. if shown 11" the following lines should take 13",17" and 7" respectively. The durations apply to one pass of each line.

indicates the speed of execution

3) Starting point is free but continue in rotation. ie. if the start is C, then D, A and B should follow.

4) In this section pitch areas may be interpreted by assuming the top of the stave (line) to be high and the bottom to be low tessatura. Again, vertical lines indicate more activity, horizontal lines less.

5) If TUTTI card is shown, all players (resting and active) should immediately begin the graphic on a stave (line) and a duration of their choice. Continue in rotation.

OPEN INTERPRETATION 17"13"11" 7"per page(image) ROTATE PAGE AFTER EACH PASS

