

The Needs of Dalhousie

AS SHOWN IN

PRESIDENT A. S. MACKENZIE'S LAST ANNUAL REPORT ARE AS FOLLOWS:

	Minimum	What it Should Have
For endowment to increase salaries at present paid.....	\$ 250,000	\$ 500,000
For endowment for two to four new chairs in Arts.....	150,000	300,000
For endowment for two new chairs in Law.....	100,000	150,000
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	\$ 500,000	
For Arts Building.....	\$ 100,000	\$ 300,000
For Library Stack.....	25,000	25,000
For Gymnasium and Student Building.....	75,000	250,000
For Women's Building.....	175,000	250,000
For Men's Residences.....	200,000	400,000
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	\$1,075,000	
For endowment for new chairs in Medicine.....	\$ 500,000	
For endowment for Library and Laboratories in Medicine.....	250,000	
For extension to building in Medicine.....	200,000	
For improvement and upkeep of grounds....	75,000	
For endowment in Faculty of Dentistry.....	200,000	
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	\$3,400,000	

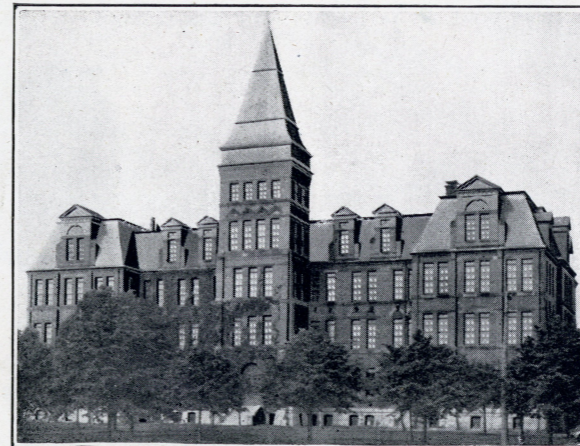
Yours is the privilege and the duty to help her widen her opportunities for public service.

Dates for Dalhousians

- 1818—Dalhousie College founded by Earl of Dalhousie, at Halifax, Nova Scotia.
- 1820—Corner stone of first college building laid, on site of present City Hall, by the Founder.
- 1838-43—First period of College's existence under Thomas McCulloch, President.
- 1863—College re-opened under James Ross, second President.
- 1868—Medical School established.
- 1877—Faculty of Science established.
- 1879—Beginning of George Munro's benefactions aggregating \$350,000.
- 1883—Law School established.
- 1885—John Forrest appointed third President.
- 1887—Corner stone of Forrest Building laid by Sir W. Young.
- 1902—School of Engineering established. Macdonald Memorial Library Fund started.
- 1908—Dental School established.
- 1911—A. S. Mackenzie appointed fourth President. College of Pharmacy established. Studley site acquired. Medical School taken over by University.
- 1912—Campaign for \$400,000 inaugurated and completed.
Corner stone of Science Building laid by Duke of Connaught.
Dental instruction taken over by University.
- 1914—Corner stone of Macdonald Library laid by Dr. Allan Pollok.
- 1915—Arts and Science Schools removed to Studley.
- 1919—Corner stone of Women's Building laid by the Prince of Wales
Dalhousie's centenary celebrated.
- 1920—Million Dollar Campaign—WATCH IT.



THE FIRST DALHOUSIE



THE SECOND DALHOUSIE

1818 - 1920

The Vision of Dalhousie

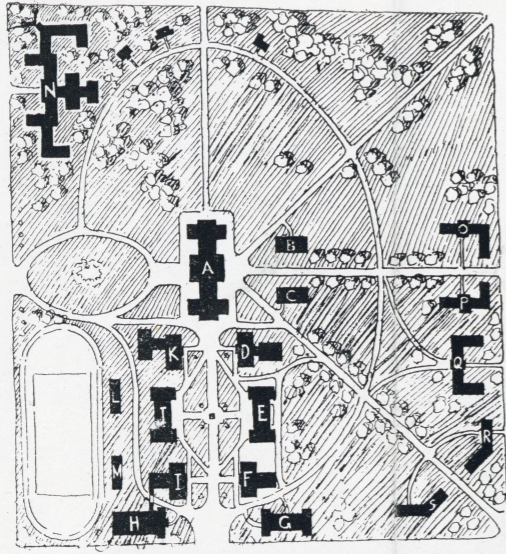
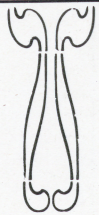


DALHOUSIE
CAMPAIGN
COMMITTEE
SILVER BUILDING
HALIFAX



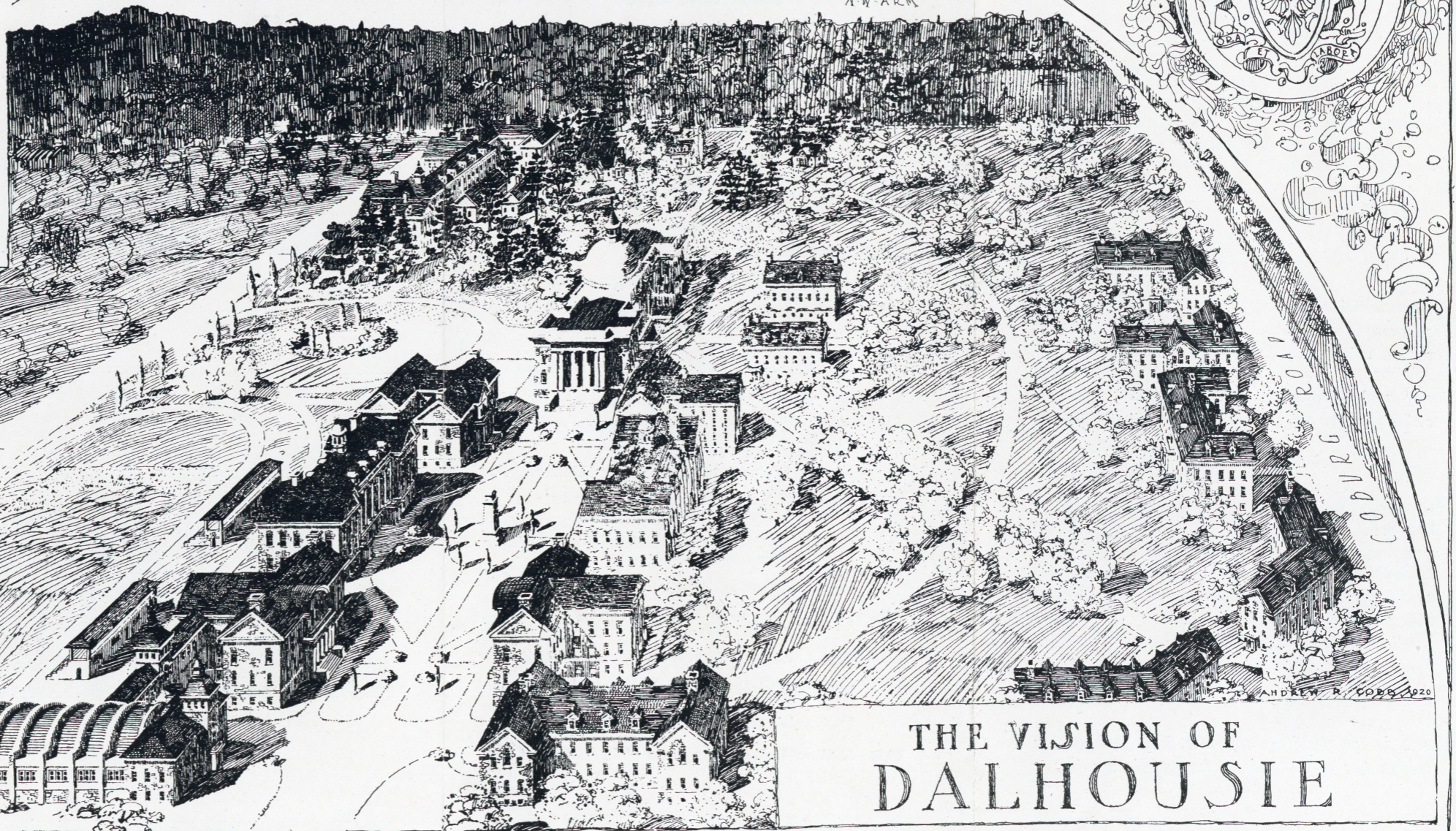
DALHOUSIE UNIVERSITY

after one hundred years of service turns with confidence to her alumni, her former students and to the friends of education in Canada, believing with all confidence that they will make it possible for her to maintain her standards, live up to her traditions, and pursue with even greater effectiveness than ever, her great task of translating into reality the "Vision of Dalhousie."



G. SCIENCE
H. GYMNASIUM
I. STUDENTS BLDG
J. ARTS
K. LAW
L. M. STANDS
N. WOMENS BLDG
O. P. Q. R. S.

O, P, Q, R, & S - DORMITORIES
A - ARTS & ADMINISTRATION
B - MUSEUM F. SCIENCE
C - CHAPEL
D - LIBRARY
E - SCIENCE



THE VISION OF DALHOUSIE

ANDREW R. COBB 1920