

political context: often neglected by experts  
Development

VI Special session: embodiment --  
first -- of its principles.

revolution in international relations,

peaceful uses of the sea,

Sovereignty

Comprehensive approach

Common heritage:

Social property.

Concept Capable of development

Common heritage under national jurisdiction

in the international area.

subject  
matter

extension of limits of national jurisdiction:

yes, but, as said: does not change anything.

extension of status quo:

poor poorer, rich richer.

only when you have change already, already

Man:ims

Multi-nationals: bilateral dealing with weak states.

Origin of expansionism

Everything that has to happen will be to happen:

Management and development in a medium where every activity leads to every other, and what happens in any zone, with what happens in every other.

Strong, comprehensive, operational regime.

This can no longer be a search regime. No economic potential

economic / technological reality: a

cartel.

No bargaining point.

Strong, ... regime must be open-space

regime:

Multi-nationals from beyond & limits of a economic zone; articulating

interaction between Sovereign States and  
international community in new and flexible  
ways.

Response to economic  
crisis would be expansion of cooperation.

"Knitting of zones"

Chile

Venezuela

Smaller response: freedom of transit  
interdependence of tracking-devices

freedom of scientific research  
interdependence of scientific research

security of instruments  
Output of multinationals.

new form of cooperation between

politics

industry

science

forward pointers

actions & change to excellent position page.  
has & add

introduce

outlined shelf

implications

time table

ref 1 GA Res 252749-50

Declaration of Income

form of reference of 1 Center

abolished - by what evidence list of

data points -

1. It is a major part of research.

ref 1 Secretary's paper (p. 284 Virginia)

growth of strong institutions

" of growth of institutions

the whole of p. 284: there are no

any other reasons immediately explicit

expected, reasons which were 10 years

my way like 50 and could be made

with other hardy enough to

support list of institutions. No

significant effect a recalculation

of income. Not sure the

3 or 8 or 10 enterprise pattern

reason why were 10 years.

my work complex machinery

the first stage could include the  
reached again for small purpose  
with the purpose to solve  
of unknowns can be also space  
& other. In his management  
sec. for. mentions that of his  
to provide continuing machinery  
negotiate for of a sec. This shows  
the use of maps for the  
distribution.

Secondly, ~~particular~~, since  
can be used for out ~~estimate~~ or  
not found and determine  
of use concept between  
will multiply. Second use  
function: to serve as <sup>best</sup> person  
of adjustment of complete  
address may for ~~fully~~ elaborate  
Thus, since for the fact  
that some address in other space  
needs continuing and can be helpful

2 flexible interest, work of a few  
characters

The necessity for a revolution of  
use of all our advanced technology for  
to changed character of warfare and  
these points are those - satellites  
as land, etc.

At the present time we  
concern are by DDC or other agency  
DDC compliance purely of technical  
nature - they especially good work  
secretariat strengthening but sectoral  
organised and limited membership and  
its activities lower benefit when they  
independent not an open system. and

regard both the other the new  
there exist only 100 and subgroups  
for key committees, too with  
to UK system. see the secretaries  
of 10 persons, limited budget  
concerned and not scientific research

but to an independent scientific capability  
Hence refer to an overriding concern -  
availability of scientific means of safe power -  
and their utilization.

Here again, funding of IGC could be  
strengthened with a independent body.

Comprehensive open system, - particular  
of developing countries. We must recall  
in the Committee that although a revenue  
of the form to exploit of revenue  
into a small in immediate future  
and the inadequate to maintain  
any equivalent distribution of benefits  
to state, of power supply & gas  
& future interest, that a medium  
independent scientific capability,

This in turn would enable  
institutions effectively to promote  
development of advanced technologies  
of regard to space.



and the promotion of scientific capability in  
the developed world, which will be the result  
of delay of the present time because of the  
lack of financial resources and independent  
means.

<sup>several</sup> ~~many~~ states have suggested in the context  
of their future proposals that the existing  
system. Further consideration be changed  
to appropriate and the management of  
highly migrating fish stock requires  
a limit of national jurisdiction. This eye  
to suggest that a proposal is not  
adequate to cope with the problem.

Present policies, fisheries commission  
one of the will call to act on the  
basis of a majority vote, and not of  
consensus, as in the case of present,  
which will be able effectively to  
undertake the task and the  
essentially because the commission  
is not have independent

Scientific objectives to manage stocks, they  
must <sup>generally</sup> rely on the use of reliable data are  
provided to them by the members, and as  
is known that these data are widely  
disseminated (in accordance with interests of common  
concern) secondly because of  
lack of financial resources, and thirdly  
because the Commission has no  
capability whatsoever to estimate long  
the indicator here from and other  
use of the sea. Thus the fisheries Commission  
is not in a position to estimate the  
total management of fish stocks requires  
not just an ability to capture of  
understand the objectives.

Furthermore, any attempt  
to solve the problem of international fisheries must  
be based not only on management of stocks  
but on restriction on access to stocks in order to  
avoid overfishing, in other words! Concomitant  
fisheries beyond national jurisdiction must be licensed.

The pace of Commission totally back.

Here we suggest to independent  
of existing policy Commission <sup>and</sup> to re-  
change structure into a international institution  
with no competence will establish.

Structure? Membership in  
Commission now restricted to those states engaged  
in a central policy. It is assumed that  
those who don't participate in their particular  
policy, come to understand in the management.  
This totally ignores the basic principle  
that that good change exists, and the  
merits of a state part of a Union feel  
as with stock → planer with  
my well a much national jurisdiction, a  
high to be accepted and common.

The aim for a primary objective  
view of a expenditure, to other  
national management, the focus  
to independent within global over  
the institution.

not report license: licensing must be based  
on approved scientific data and techniques  
of management, but must take into account  
principle of social justice before state.

---

also use of a sea for what then exists as  
to present time and use a technical form

---

Galena. Hydrographic Service: useful  
work collecting marine charts,

but revenue - navigable works  
Consequences that ships require greater  
depth - larger - in large 2<sup>o</sup>  
has to make - both lengths of  
Lands and number of specialists  
has when that chart are necessary  
and of data - there again. Budget  
of chart 600 000 dollars - in  
independent capability - should  
be independent / individual  
The same laws apply

6. Government Light House Association  
(not member of UN system) after was  
successful when would be strengthening  
by and also all modernized by  
including with its functions also other  
aid to manage other light house by  
individual with new institution.

Finally, the experience of past  
20 years has shown that many major  
institutions like UNESCO and  
UNEP, ILO, and WHO  
as well as a number of other countries  
have not been able to successfully  
implementing not because of technical  
reasons but of lack of competence of  
the respective org., but because of  
the political background which of  
course cannot be discussed  
in the present program by the  
org.

More ago it is changing

to promote cooperation to protect institutions  
or activities in which activities should be  
be such as discussion or to understand. Level  
in and to facilitate cooperation between members of  
the international community.

Thus to substitute should be a  
variety of comparative financial but regard  
to other special cases where any business to  
compare to exploitation of resources  
reason.

The latter financial level remains  
extremely dependent upon a better price  
to revenue to understand to other financial  
what I have mentioned a well as financial  
what I have not mentioned part 2

A possibility of credit as indicators  
input of various parts and, in  
cooperation with UNICEF and WHO  
activities to provide of pollution  
which help meet a demand and see  
atmospheric in location.

explicitly  
not request, rather intended, it appears  
from document of relevant Committee that  
there is some controversy as to whether the  
intended should be explicit exclusion  
on the basis of license issued to state, or  
by the Internet, but rather directly or indirectly,  
since the concept of the license being of reciprocal  
nature that rather intended, as also the  
license desired for the foreign request not.  
However, should the administration and  
managed by an internal org. on behalf  
and for the benefit of the subscribers.

Clearly as a whole not particularly  
regard to the needs of particular, and  
particular of that country is a  
disadvantageous path on regard to  
the sea. This is true implies that  
it will request not, provide what  
request or also include separate  
water and resources. Many should  
always be made to another of the

institutions to be established by the Conference.

Thus the org. on the basis of specific  
provisions included in the basic treaty should  
be able, <sup>and when</sup> if it be capable, to exploit  
the resources of the area beyond what is possible.

Directly or indirectly we shall have  
corporations. This does not exclude the

possibility that in the future there are  
being set up a number of different of other  
systems in the world, because under the  
the present state, the dependence of  
private corporations. However we feel that

the one state or the other private corpora-  
tions should obtain a disproportionate number  
of licenses.

Part of U.N. system or not

personality of these bodies.

should have power to deal directly with

the flag. otherwise a common agency

efficiency management and research



goal of membership: All states

EEC regional organ. OAS

Plan of associated membership

States who are richer than the others

Goal is annual meeting - all

All privileges of membership

representative price - but no vote

to participate; if participate are

Council of Commissioners, they handle

how to act against the regional organization.

Working: everybody to vote

in state or group of states

in part 1 demand of blocs

decisions.

However in use of the funds

which both are very important and in some

cases have the right interest of states

Revised new process must be balanced

in some way. Various factors to be

taken into account: population, number

interest, and so on.

Organ should correspond to their functions  
be coming to order, if functions are  
comprehensive, but h.t. structure

indeed, Assembly, Council - Secretariat,  
but there must be a organ a Enterprise  
org: but require to follow, not require to  
scientific research a transfer of technology are  
first development of Law of the sea.

Here again we could do an advanced  
kindness of different countries for  
example bureaucratic overhead, and ~~is~~ many  
of functions could be brought together  
within the competence of these or few  
major organs or Councils. One can wonder  
how to very important function of planning  
and management of other special organs,  
and under this, how could be subsidiary  
organ deal with management of  
scientific research and technical.

There will be a need to set up a  
work at scientific research and technology matters

## Settlement of dispute

Here it is Art 33 of charter as  
International Court of Justice in fact.

Art 33 leaves except 1 general of rules  
Concerns -

International Court: -

flexible system that is adequately legal  
but the range of disputes tends to arise -  
consequence of interpretation issues -

not dispute between states, but  
between entities with the states.

These settlement systems can  
be compared to states but states give  
access to other entities also, in

specific cases, specified in Treaty,  
to individual person.

Flexible system of process / procedure  
where a final instance may well be  
more desirable in art. 33 of charter.

system of arbitral body which would hear any  
dispute and attempt to settle. From a  
desire of arbitral body there would be appearance  
of arbitral tribunal, but in the hands  
there are central dispute which are essential  
of a judicial nature even they involve  
several state interests. An attempt should  
be made to settle them by negotiations  
before to state concerned. However, if  
negotiations are not successful then  
arbitration being not matter should be  
discussed by judicial organ of institution  
in Council, not suitable for arbitration.

First point is coming out from  
the view of rapid advance of technology  
and development of state of war, and  
absence of peace relations between  
of which importance that any Treaty  
cannot be force is gradually is possible.  
a delay of 8 or 9 years would be disastrous.

for better running & attitude of the  
Chairman which character is the ground by  
some state.

- ↳ <sup>Chairman</sup> Secretary of Finance Committee: Eng
- ↳ Secretary Board Hall: Skovropulos

Mr. Joe Camilleri  
↳ Secretary 11th.

insert

democratic people better has some influence.  
also to be based on base of Treaty

↳ insert Skovropulos to Paris

↳ ask for permission to the Paris's paper

↳ add content / draft: His personal influence is  
required to help them on major state  
and depend on Hall this activity.

last days

Mon 71 me - decs & conf

principles of action to old gen

- also a part of Lab. Review 200 become

to - and including - -

↳ Puff: Check a 1st Male - about repairs

Wednesday: Miss Cortez

↳ Puff: Miss Reynolds



moderate plant; closer contact

intensive management - to that seen in  
chaparral. In this case, only deep  
beds were better to that intense  
concentration of hard metals,  
but the presence of rock fragments  
evidence different.

In contrast to the floor spread  
and volcanic activities. Only several  
high areas, upward from the side, there  
may be forming occurrences and a low  
near sea level has been formed  
in marine environment. Cyprus.

---

Only a comprehensive system, and it <sup>cannot</sup> work

Management of a fully absorbable chemical



World Bank Project, 1974-75

I

1. Over the course of the next 12 months,  
5 or 6 ~~to~~ <sup>few</sup> books will be published of  
which I am partly or ~~solely~~ <sup>solely</sup> responsible

(a) The Tide of Change (New York, Lipscomb  
and Rose, Dec. 1974)

This is an anthology previously selected  
for sale in Mexico under Project, 1971-1973.  
The papers [The Mediterranean, The Caribbean, An announcement  
and Area Control, The Economic potential of the Ocean,  
A Contribution of the Ocean], the volume is edited by  
Dana Rudge and myself.

(b) The Challenge of Self Management (ADC,  
April, 1975)

This is a comparative study of 6 theory and  
practice of self-management. Many heavily a  
qualitative experience. The <sup>paper</sup> book is edited by  
Dana Rudge and myself.

(c) The Drama of the Ocean  
(New York: Harry Abrams, Fall 1975)

d) The Energy policy and the  
International System. The article  
pays special attention to the  
project of the 1970s. The volume will  
be edited by David Collier and myself.

The deal with the geology and biology of the ocean,  
with the fact that the ocean makes the world and  
is more of ocean space, but is a historical and  
perspective perspective, it also is a dramatic  
arena for the various national and cultural  
of the sea, and even with the idea of a  
international ocean regime. The text is written  
by me. The book will be illustrated with over 300  
plates <sup>maps</sup> and charts.

I 2 I intend to continue my work  
along these few lines. Very much more will  
have to be done on the ocean paper this year -  
fully before the Caracas and Vienna sessions of  
the I.C.P. Conference on the Law of the Sea. An expansion  
of the I.O.S. is also the possibility of attending all  
meetings, and of participating actively in the  
debates. I am attaching copy of a statement  
I just delivered before the First Committee.

~~As~~ A critical analysis of the Law of the  
Sea Conference will be the subject of another  
book I intend to write this year. Besides the

Club Review & Course 3 include the least amount  
of Club dialogue & 4 subject of 4 evolved Group  
to area require and the typical of international  
organisations in general.

3 plus also to continue <sup>and attempt to</sup> apply to general  
theory and experience to particular areas, such as  
the Mediterranean where Treaty stability & Regional  
system is now beginning to emerge, the Caribbean, ~~and~~  
the Pacific, where the air schedule & means of  
cooperation is the result of Havana's next April.

There is, furthermore, a need to develop, and then,  
the concept of multi-disciplinary international development  
(of which the existing situation of Puerto Rico is a Model) -  
the <sup>creation</sup> of ~~forums~~, (Barcelona, Madrid, Venezuela, the Caribbean  
(Principally Tokyo), <sup>and</sup> Italy, Yugoslavia, ~~and~~  
This will play a considerable role in the further evolution  
of the area system. In many cases, I am in a  
position to <sup>and to launch</sup> ~~conduct~~ chair program structure, etc.  
and I would like to schedule a Club study  
on the important subjects.



page Paul and Residence of each  
Social property and Church

Excellent on inadequacy of economic  
zone. Does community want to work any more  
has a real world problem.

~~Money~~ <sup>Money</sup> 969 1160

Money 967-0577

Letter 1 participants

93 14 52

Come down  
buy web  
money

July 15 - main event: Japan's diversion from  
economic zone

UNCTAD statement on necessity of  
controls a mixed survey. Important statement  
in view of developing nations & decrease in  
300 million dollar & 1980, due to monetarism,  
collapse, and up production.

Compensation

control

Shanghai products

↓ share of hemisphere. Can it be had?

Butcher: against economic zone

Leahy: against economic zone

technology to outgrow nationalism

the more national, the more beneficial

Continental shelf is nonsense.

We want to see all economic: mineral and

biological

prevent progression

Concept not thought through

Quote also Riphagen

accept regional economic zones

strong regional authority

by the conditions established in accordance  
with art. 86 of the Constitution. Before issuing  
regulations the authorities shall consult with  
the Government. A. E. H.

4. Under our thermodynamic system  
of labor laws are prohibited - but one type  
with our express approval of the authorities  
holders - all. with art. 86 of the  
Constitution

which contains precise provisions for  
the limitation and monitoring of radioactive  
works, subjects it per



to represent ocean space.

any one has the universal ocean space

authority

otherwise everything falls to South African  
republic!

Upper Volta - landlocked - requires economic power  
to buy a disadvantage when the portugal &  
equally poor, is depletion of living resources,  
but also of the living resources.

international authority: very broad power - should  
directly exploit, or mind it effective control

The same central principle of world ocean  
assembly

Somalia have territorial sea wide  
limits - but not 200 miles! because freedom  
of navigation - applying is infeasible.  
Sea is no longer inappreciable!

A/AC.138/53

art. 81 The aspect of radio active waste in international ocean space shall be subject to control and regulation by the institutions established in accordance with art. 86 of the Convention. The institutions responsible for regulation shall consult with the International Atomic Energy Agency

2. The institutions established in accordance with art. 86 of the Convention in cooperation with the IAEA shall monitor a register of the release of radioactive fission and fusion products, all space and shall monitor fission, all space for radio activity

3. The use of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes includes hydrogen fusion processes in international ocean space shall be subject to control and regulation

Supports such as a form of peace

securities regime: no limits to private multinational

comprehensive regime (reached) in any situation

July 16

Kenya: 1. Committee

Opens out to ocean space

Liberia: not only rights, but duties of  
state

Switzerland: aspects of Authority must be a  
different from traditional one & all its  
functions.

Thailand: cooperate with private sector

→ | Has enterprise union has 51% of  
shares - the gov. holds authority back

they

also: majority control over exploration.

effective rules and time table

Indonesia has plans for technology transfer.

against free passage of oversteps; this is better for security,  
peace & peace, interest of mankind.

also about Assembly and Council, indirectly  
provisions.

democratic international machinery

Bangladesh, again, forcefully for  
Ocean-space regime, industrial  
relationship, better relations & better  
relations, industrial, regime, means & approach  
& total ocean space beyond national jurisdiction

4 meetings: Assembly of all states of sovereign equality  
then policy-forming body. Even 64 essential  
Security Council: chosen for 6 purposes. Membership  
must reflect principle of equitable  
geographic distribution - Caribbean area  
- executive org. No veto. No  
any weighted voting.

Import & veto in assembly of

inequality of state - hegemony,

All activities of exploration and exploitation  
and distribution of benefits.

Secretariat: to carry out decisions

Disburse - subject to approval of International Council of Justice

Source: Liberty and collaboration!

Scotland: against ocean-spoil regime.

probs should be taken care of separately.

UNCTAD

Oilfield earnings of net year 240 million  
dollar without secheit

of secheit come from 1980

rate of production (4.0 percent to expansion over range  
100 percent of 80s)

median assumption = 7,000,000 metric

low to high estimates of 1980. UNCTAD report on price

oil products - as per survey of dec. 1980

Must impact a price: Adjustments -  
cutbacks of dev. countries, esp. France.

every reduction for 290th & 184th dollar.  
Total per annum 46,000 dollars. It seems  
not enough to compensate OPEC's production of losses  
- but the France will be 3211 dollars.

second study: Manpower: very difficult

price for very little role & demand

Annual consumption rather & steel production  
increases & price.

~~Manpower~~

& decrease of S.B.M., decrease of manpower  
increase 5.8% & 4%, product 4.2%.

Reduction of price or role of 1.1% per year, esp. for  
Europe as people increase 3.1%.

S.B.M.: but low paper = cut back,  
1.5% increase. Impact on price level 1.15% decrease  
esp. for Europe decline by 2% p.a. Total

but the dev. countries show 30% of Europe increase  
has not more sense

less than 50% of gross volume coming from v.l. products  
from earnings of v.l. minus less for exports.

Copper. total of 4.3% of product  
4

price index of 2.2% in London

1% in USA Market

and impact of exchange rates.

1994 value of the loss - 96% of 9 cents

to the world. not adequate to compensate

developing nations.

Outlets: benefit to several key industries - developed nations

2) export earnings of land mining will rise as the  
decline

3) impact likely to be particularly adverse for  
developing nations

4) comparatively apparent to adverse impact  
= insurmountable, funds not sufficient  
in countries to meet earnings.

5) if production declines, countries are to  
be compensated, it will be necessary

to agree on preventive arrangements, include  
commitments for debt countries to make up  
for short-fall of funds  
or they abolition of floor price for many  
products, less for other products

other products will add the supply. very hard  
to arrange without taking into account least products  
very difficult to take care of this.

maximization of employment of consumer surplus  
in developing nations - central fund,

authorities need wide economic powers to deal with  
the problem (compensatory or preventive approach,  
subsidy program)

July 17

to Mexico - first Committee refers to  
me - makes strong plea for "all aspects"  
regime!!!

subsidies of this.

enterprise -



U.S.A. part of order necessary to Committee: must deal with  
with needed authority.

Burke emphasized me

Taujanov: we can change the mandate of the Committee!

Parkes: Committee has to be too and not there alone.

refers to fish agreement principle

Comprehensive view of international economy

Ocean beyond national jurisdiction

require more research conflicting laws

why require to govern international ocean space

Key policy files

international economic enterprise

not merely regulatory

(The American objection from raising to threatened  
point of order!)

Equator: ocean space require necessary

sea falls beyond national jurisdiction

Single authority.

This is really new, deserves attention by the  
community. Equator below Green Mexico  
applied to extra zone and single regime  
correspondingly not limited per.

Chile

Thalans

China

Togg

Colombia

Finland: 200 rules - not Legend - although we  
could per additional shelf

Touye

Cuba

Whe H. H. H. H.

Czechia

Nansen

India

China advocates Europe a Common property of all  
people.

Cyprus

attacks policy system a Case in Review

draft

upheld Monism

add. with no.

May: Europe

Shubert: against ec. zone

Sever U.S.: heavily open clear-space and perfect.  
... Must be drafted "linked" to other concerns -  
in collaboration.

Fishers pool. Situation should be like special person  
agency. Fisher only. etc.

July 19

Sitting on Mexican Delegation informed very good

Halls

Japan paper that Quality of Courts must be discussed  
by this committee.

Hawaii's

Hawaii's

Mexico

U.S.S.R. a Common Heritage:

Under a provision of the Constitution

defined in art... instead of "legency a court of law."

within the Courts defined in... I think the

suggestion are accepted. Russian are ready to

with draw "preamble" part alternative of  
"Common heritage".

American withdraw their "Article 13" to see there  
is one text.

Kuwait Common heritage is the basis of everything

- gathering for to find whether we have a convention or not.

avoid the mere possibility of making "economic zone"

by defining inland area, very important.

we are ready to support principle of common heritage

not only when but also resources are " " - we agree on

that, we did last year.

Committee III

1, 244.45	7, 124.50
680.25	4, 255.70
2, 331.00	2, 868.60
<hr/>	<hr/>
4, 255.70	347.10
	<hr/>
	2, 521.70

August 1

A.D. Secura, plenary.

Declaration on the Declaration.

Many doubts. Poptone decision.

Only develop nation speaking!

Three more: Exploratory Explorations: 46

form      Territorial sea - Ec. zone

Pollution and maritime resources

Settlement of disputes.

Soviet Union very strongly against Declaration of  
agreements on fundamental issues.

Stress interdependence of all issues of CoC & Sec.

France thinks that long meeting, real thinking, is  
not productive!

no general debate - merely not more the G-77's way

Valion: shows difficulties and sense of frustration as  
any national interests are perceived.

equity, goals, stability is neglected. 50%  
merchandise environment a stable, and technology...

good statement for broadcast!

offensive: first Committee

Am. 9 - drop by 77.

Strong support: Panama, Argentina

Korea

Japan - shaking it up. Freedom of scientific research?  
arbitrary control, shipping initiative... second study is  
needed! 77 proposal needs a lot of clarification,  
and we hope basic reservations on its provisions.

Cuba

Cuba: socialists have no "legal person" - enterprise

but might be considered by the "Bureaucracy".

As state is "involved", are socialist state

excluded?

- respects to licensing states!

Should we be financing by the Central Bank, or  
would it not be better to pass through states?

Cuba and Japan shooting above for left and  
right!

China - shooting up Cuba as a decision focus  
of developing nations.

U.S. very diplomatic

1) would like to settle a first question

- who would become a part of the network, Central Bank

2) would it be possible, that the Commission to Central  
Bank to conduct

is a hope from beneficial to the world economy

and to develop countries

6 August

Print Report  
of cellar

Colombia

Ocean open

was impeded under art. 9 - the way export L

Area -

the interest law was only to regulate relation between  
states, but laws law of economics of developing nations  
shel

Venezuela: first good concept - between "contract" and  
"service contract" as developed by VPC in Caracas.

Bulgaria shooting things up. No papers, really

but don't be discouraged. Complex issues, however,  
we have failed to overcome difficulties.

Ocean-open issue not impeded in Caribbean  
with mandate of Mr. Chamber. Had been  
explored before, and failed. Let's get away  
from the controversial and unpredictable concept



an 2 percent in cost of course text. There are  
- 6 reasons an external market of resources, but I supplemented  
in accordance with these articles. Concept can not be  
open-ended.

External demand of shift -- is part of licensing  
system, but this comes around and appears 77 and 9!  
"loss of discipline"

Japan

Zair      Yuzulove

Hanu      Nianyua

Don

Madagascar

Chile

C.I. Growth

August 7 ec. implic. of manpower needs

Sweden. Compensatory measures very  
important. Appropriate control - to minimize  
adverse effect on dev. especially labor.  
Extremely complex task to balance needs of consumer

and producer nations. Repulsion, compensatory measures,  
should be among the options of the Authority - For ready price

necessary. in close contact with other organizations  
in World Trade - UNCTAD.

France: price of products not depending on price of  
raw materials. - small factor.

To solve this cheaper raw material make  
cheap products in a Dragon House.

We have only one option: strong monetary  
to hold up prices!

Principles

We are planning for a long policy, not only  
for a immediate future.

Sugars

get it less

the new talents collectives no. 4

interest of it for - by advertising, developing, supervision  
every single aspect of production.

France:

want to create economic observatory to monitor  
price fluctuations, etc.

Ben

interests statements about irreducibility of technology

concerns produce countries they be must have

transmission that we have now - effect may have

our way not be negative! industrial - technology

Santiago

Afternoon, Aug. 7,

Committee II *provo d'interesse*

notion of cooperation, plus shared d'approches and adoption of  
economic zone

68 nations will be disadvantaged

54 of them, developing states

Elsalvador: excellent statements

on freedom and democracy

Paraguay: Present system of international relations system

does not work at all. The Commission are of few states  
whose intention is not a conservation but the exploitation.

sometimes they are called regions, but strange meaning.

Some nations are in all regions - just to exploit

The main step, conservation must come first

Science as hampering by national interest, then

Recommendation are usually rejected by some  
States, and become inapplicable, or they are accepted  
too late, or there are no implementation mechanisms.  
inspects police national interests. Then we emphasize  
international regime are the best present inspection of the  
vessel and port! Fishing has become piracy and plunder.  
Management of fisheries and scientific control must

Give real effect a international control.  
not meaning similar to that under national  
jurisdiction, but it has concrete proposals later.

Guyana: joint approach for Committee I  
Abuse power of authority !!!

for consideration of regime that will  
apply in international area.

Chairman: we'll have to give some thought to  
this. It is a little too early.

Seeger supports Pauparic as excellent fisheries statement.

## Aug 8 I. Committee.

U.K. can't handle burden down to produce nations with  
better authority. Must be done through worldwide commodity arrangements  
covering all minerals, land and ocean-based.

Parsons: authority over land planning and per-capita body,  
economic zone and landlocked nations: Transit - o.k.  
no sharing of mineral resources, since, under extent law,  
they belong to coastal nations. Conditional sharing of living  
resources, which, under extent law, are res nullius.

Cooperation of landlocked state, with international  
agency in ec. zone. -- but variations on this motif.

<sup>Parsons</sup>  
~~Parsons~~: Fisheries management in ec. zone subject to  
international management!

Aug. 9 . Committee II no negotiation at all. Resolutions --  
44 new proposals to date, which will be tabulated by  
Bureau as "main trends" - and this is basis of  
next session!

The laws object against demands of land-locked: They don't  
take due account of existing disparities in resource ownership -  
that's the way the world is made!

Israel: The revolutionary concept of high seas as common heritage ...  
regional arrangements are insufficient.

Albania: sharing economic zone of landlocked nations!  
pretty plans, pretty and out of step with class of  
developing coastal nations!

Romania: Bilateral arrangement between coastal and landlocked states ...

Equator: preferential system in favor of landlocked nations

Continental shelf concepts cover any case where  
became poor countries had no voice, U.S.A. took to  
treats unilaterally. It implies Common Heritage of  
any meaning

1. <sup>15</sup> Tuesday

Chaddie

Piccadilly

Dr  
Francis  
Opina

...Conscious that the problems of ocean space are closely interrelated and need to be considered as a whole...

Resolution of the General Assembly 2750 C (XXV)  
adopted 17 December, 1970.

When the U.N. Conference on the Law of the Sea opened on June 20, 1974, at the magnificent, not yet quite finished Parque Central of Caracas, delegates were milling in the lobby of the "Plenary" Hall, in front of a special exhibit. The Government of Jamaica had placed its country on the list of candidates ~~aspi~~ r- ing to host the headquarters of the Seabed Authority to be established by this Conference. Jamaica had set aside a large piece of land,

choice share

*Don't the share between Kingston and the Summer City of Port Royal, and there one could see a model modern combination rising, with sky-scrapers and gardens, and a splendid view of the Caribbean Sea.*

There was no delegate who would not stop on his way to the "Plenary" to get a glimpse of the beautiful photos and plans, which seemed to symbolize and make concrete the aspirations of this Conference: the creation of a new ~~type~~ of international organization to manage the resources of the seabed beyond the limits of national jurisdiction for the benefit of all mankind, with special regard for the needs of the developing nations.

Now, after a month of ~~hot~~ debates, the pictures are still there, on the wall, but heat and humidity have begun to wither and crumple the paper. Some maintenance work required ~~the~~ temporary placing of a ladder right in front of the exhibit, which seems to be all but forgotten. No one bothers to stop there any more, look at it -- or even think of it.

For what is uppermost in every one's mind right now, is the issue of the "economic zone," that is, the extension of national jurisdiction over an area covering 200 miles from the coast. In this area, the coastal nation would control resource exploration and exploitation,



scientific research, navigation, and pollution.

True, lip service is still being paid to the need for an international seabed regime beyond the limits of national jurisdiction, and one of the main committees -- the First Committee under the brilliant leadership of Ambassador Paul Bamela Engo of Cameroon -- is charged exclusively with the elaboration of its "machinery" ~~the~~ in accordance with the Principles adopted by the U.N. in 1970. ~~the~~ But there is something almost eerie in hearing the formulas of 1970 recited -- about the redistribution of the great wealth of the oceans, the Common Heritage of Mankind; about the participation of developing nations in decision-making; about the transfer of technologies, and the closing of the development gap: for the common heritage we are talking about today just is not what it was in 1970.

Then it comprised more than three quarters of ocean space, having a very considerable economic potential, from the exploitation of hydrocarbons to that of hard minerals, and as a consequence it would have had a financial basis for significant distribution of financial benefit to poorer nations. The size and resources of the area would also have made possible reasonably effective international measures for the control of marine pollution and independent research leading to effective scientific and technological transfers.

The seabed regime of which we are speaking today has none of these attributes. Its area, in the concept of some delegations, covers the abyssal ocean floor only. Its only business -- at least for the next few decades -- is manganese nodule mining, yielding an international royalty or tax revenue of not more than 200 million annually, or just barely enough to cover the operating costs of the future "authority" and certainly insufficient to effect any significant distrib-

ution of financial benefits.

Such a situation does not need, cannot afford, and will not tolerate a complex and costly machinery, about the structure of which, furthermore, the technologically less developed nations will have very little to say. It is an open secret that the companies of the nodule mining countries have been and are now negotiating the terms of their cooperation in the exploitation of nodules. It is not likely that they will come up with a machinery providing for the effective participation of the developing nations in decision-making and management! There is, at the same time, an unwholesome haste in the air surrounding the delegations of the nodule-mining nations -- a mood of: "Hurry up! sign on the dotted line -- while yet your minds are taken by the euphoria over the economic zone -- or we'll go ahead without you."

~~There is an uninspiring analogy between this development and that of the "energy crisis."~~

~~Memories are short, and thus it was quickly forgotten that it was the State Department, under advice by the oil companies, that first suggested a hike in the price of crude. Then it was quickly blamed on OPEC and the Arabs. The developing nations hailed it as a triumph: the beginning of the end of imperialistic exploitation. Were they aware that they played directly into the hands of the big oil companies? It was the companies that got out of the "crisis" the hugest profits in their history. Very few developing nations gained, and most of them lost dramatically.~~

It has been forgotten -- and mentioned here only by one delegate, <sup>in Rotterdam and the Netherlands</sup> Professor ~~Hiphagen~~ <sup>de Hiphagen</sup> of the Netherlands -- that the extension of national jurisdiction in ocean space was first proclaimed, not by a developing nation, but by the United States, with the Truman Proclamation of 1945. This was then whole-heartedly embraced by

The warnings of the Representative of UNCTAD -- that their most he rigorous controls and taxes on the nodule mining countries and companies, that their own he full participation of the developing nations in the production and marketing of the nodules -- will of the needed, as does negotiation between the nodule producers and the price will break down.

the oil companies, and later also by other industrial concerns, for whom it seemed more convenient to deal with one weak country at a time with regard to the exploitation of resources under its jurisdiction, than to deal with a strong international organization.

Now ~~instead~~ the economic zone is presented as a generous concession by the rich to the poor! <sup>^</sup>What is sure, ~~instead~~, is that the rich are going to profit from it; and that most poor nations will not gain at all -- which will further widen the development gap -- while a <sup>very</sup> few may gain, but their gains will be far less spectacular, and far more speculative, than the gains of some of the oil producing developing nations. The great problems of the oceans -- the effective conservation and management of living resources; pollution; <sup>navigation</sup> will remain unattended.

Bitter delusion is bound to set in over the next few years. ~~If a Treaty is rammed down the throat of the Conference now, it will not hold.~~

The Conference, ~~instead~~, should take its time: the time necessary to consummate the great change that is needed, and that is in the making, in the structure of international relations and in the relations between rich and poor nations. This requires a re-consideration of the whole concept of the seabed regime beyond the limits of national jurisdiction. The adoption of the economic zone is changing its meaning. It must be re-adapted to the new circumstances. This can be done, not by abandoning the shriveled concept of the common heritage of mankind, but by <sup>re-organizing</sup> ~~enlarging~~ it. The moment has come to enlarge it, by extending it from the seabed to ocean-space beyond the limits of national jurisdiction. An ocean-space authority is needed to regulate and manage

Are the poor aware that they are playing the game of the rich?

which, from

under the

at President

Americans, on

diplomats &

settles down

unusually fast.

But I will, and

The economic zone concept may break down before it can be realized. Japan is opposing referring it to

are some countries

Others like

Western Germany are accepting it

only reluctantly

it will create more

problems for more

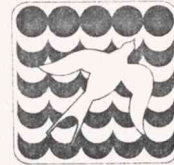
nations, than it can resolve.

There are no quick solutions.

In the absence of a strong international regime,

all uses, old and new, of ocean-space and resources,  
and their interactions, as well as the interactions of  
these uses in international ocean-space with ~~that~~<sup>those</sup> in  
national ocean space. Some delegations are already  
pushing in this direction: Bangladesh; Venezuela, <sup>Lesotho.</sup> But <sup>that offers an</sup>  
it is an arduous task. <sup>getting ready to</sup> It will take time. <sup>push.</sup>

Box 4716  
Santa Barbara, California 93103



Pacem in Maribus

August 14, 1974.

Dear Duke:

I am preparing three things for you: an "aide-memoir" setting forth the reasons why the Seabed Authority must have enlarged competences and functions; this you will get tomorrow.

The second is a statement as to how the terms of reference for the First Committee ought to be changed. I think the new terms of reference should be, approximately:

To consider an international regime for ocean space, comprising the surface, water column, the seabed and subsoil thereof; and appropriate international machinery to give effect to this regime --

it being understood that with regard to the principles of this regime there is little to add to what has already been achieved by the First Committee concerning the seabed. The principal change is that "the area" now would mean "ocean space" which would become the Common Heritage of Mankind, and that the functions of the regime would be enlarged appropriately;

it being understood, furthermore, that with regard to the machinery all the work accomplished by the First Committee, and especially the agreement reached by the 77 on Article 9, remains valid, and becomes economically and politically more effective, in the enlarged context.

The third thing I wanted to prepare for you -- which is really the first, and most urgent, is to have some procedural reasons for the calling of the joint session between the First and Second Committee.

And here it is clear that subject matters in the two Committees are overlapping and cannot, in the long run, be dealt with meaningfully in separation, since such



separation is bound to engender duplications of efforts as well as contradictions. Here are a few examples of subjects that must be discussed jointly between the two Committees:

(1) Dispute settlement procedure. Is there to be one dispute settlement system for disputes arising from seabed mineral mining and a separate one for issues arising from other areas of the law of the sea? Who decides under which system a particular dispute would fall? Is it more likely that there will be one system for all issues arising under the new law of the sea? Is it meaningful to attach a broadly competent dispute settlement system to a seabed machinery? Can a dispute settlement system function effectively if it is not attached to an effective machinery?

(2) Criteria for the delimitation of the international area. This, obviously, is essential for the economic implications of mineral mining from the international sea-bed area, but it is also discussed in the Second Committee.

(3) To reach the international seabed one has to go through the superjacent water: How can the concept of the High Seas be reconciled with the concept of the Sea-bed as the Common Heritage of Mankind? Are mining ships to operate under the principle of the freedom of the High Seas, or are they under the jurisdiction of the sea-bed authority? What competences, in the suprajacent waters, are needed for the sea-bed authority to enforce production controls, safety and anti-pollution standards for mining ships, as well as customs provisions with regard to mined minerals? On the other hand, what about the jurisdiction over submarines which may be stationed temporarily on the international seabed?

(4) The Second Committee has repeatedly referred to the freedom of laying cables and pipelines in the international area.



- 3 -

How can this be reconciled with the authority over the international seabed area and its resources?

(5) How are the living resources of the seabed to be defined: How are they to be distinguished from the living resources to be dealt with by the Second Committee? Which ones are subject to the jurisdiction of the Seabed Authority, which ones are subject to the competence of intergovernmental fisheries commissions? What happens where there are overlapping food chains? This is not so much an economic question since the living resources of the seabed are not very considerable, but it certainly is a legal question. One should also take into consideration that there are shallows in the international area, and that living seabed resources could be developed in such areas.

(6) What about structures which may be connected with the sea-bed beyond national jurisdiction? Under what regime do they fall? The Second Committee has been dealing with artificial islands. There certainly is an overlap of competences -- if not presently, then in the foreseeable future.

To have a first meeting, pointing to the existence of such issues and to the fact that the present terms of reference are obsolete, would certainly be useful. Delegations could then take the question up with their Governments, and the terms of reference might be adjusted before the next Session.

Needless to say, it should be pointed out that there are similar overlaps between the Second and Third Committees, as well as, and quite particularly, between the Third and the First. The whole question of scientific research must be discussed jointly, since it is meaningless to divide "water-column research" from "seabed research," and the regulation of scientific research separate from the machinery. Also with regard to pollution

Box 4716  
Santa Barbara, California 93103



Pacem in Maribus

- 4 -

controls, obviously, the ocean system must be treated as a whole. Perhaps there won't be time now for all these joint meetings, but at least the need should be expressed now.

More tomorrow.

All the best,

Yours,

Elisabeth Mann Borgese.

P. S. a seventh point of overlap between the First and Second Committee -- of great importance -- is regional organization. The uses of regional ocean space are too intense to allow for multiple regimes in one area. Transnational problems such as fisheries conservation and development, pollution control, transfer of scientific know-how and technology, will increasingly be dealt with by one regional organization for each area, which must be set up in such a way that it can complement integrated coastal management under national jurisdiction. If regional systems deal also with questions arising from mineral mining, there will be incompatibilities ~~between~~ and contradictions between multi-functional regional organizations and a single-function international seabed regime. But this, perhaps belongs into the "aid-memoir" for tomorrow.



Third Committee topics July 4

Improvement of marine environment, scientific research and development, and transfer of technology.

July 18 Pers: Scientific research must be regulated in a 200 mile zone by the coastal state, and in the international zone, by the international authority. What?

Kenya article.

Strong speech

A/CONF 62 C.3/L.3: regional institution for technology transfer.

President: Scientific Endeavour A/CONF.62 C.3 L.9.  
completed First Committee

L. 12 transfer of technology's

Second Committee ec. zone

The Sec. Com. Concludes debate on the economic zone. 99 statements were heard on the subject. More than on any other item. Most nations appeared in pairs. But differences appeared as to rights and whether it requires self-determination, and whether freedom of high seas will be preserved.

Contrast: Heit - Loether.

Lack of "economic implications" revenue.

Economic zone agreed by Belgium, Italy, Singapore - except only  
or regional law, Afghanistan.

68 nations with the advantages - 54 of them developing

Landlocked nations: Uganda, July 12: All nations have the right to  
exploit the economic zones of coastal nations: not only  
the living, but the working a well, including nodules,  
petroleum, or diamonds.  
(Working paper A/CONF 62/C.2/L.29.

Definition July 18, Lebanon: "The economic zone concept might pre-empt  
the death of the heretofore sea, since the coastal state would have  
too many functions in the economic zone"

USSR: EZ = High Seas!

L.82: provides military system, replacing continental shelf  
fishery zone and continental zone. Includes but pre-emptively disadvantages nations dependent  
regional development. Regional freedom of navigation, overflight and cable lay. ARVID

In Kerachia Portugal, July 31. ~~The~~ International Commission might be  
created to help coastal states administer the zone.

Hark: "The zone concept would put an end to inequality and  
underdevelopment."

Mediterranean (July 3)

Albania proposes that Mediterranean Countries must liquidate foreign bases on their territories, and must not allow facilities to American and Soviet fleets. The conference should establish norms to prevent the concentration of large military fleets on the high seas or near the shore, and prohibit military maneuvers near coasts.

Algeria: A Convention should include opposition to anything that could threaten the exclusively peaceful use of the sea.

Dominican Republic (July 15) All non-peaceful uses of the seas should be prohibited.

Albania, July 16: A Passage of warships through territorial waters must be according to the laws and wishes of the neighboring coastal state.

Sri Lanka, 22 July.

Soviet Union, France, Algeria

Stavits : Different regime needed for Arab countries like  
area of left sea, or better left sea and southeast sea,  
and freedom of transit for Meridians ships, Kuwait, July 11

but that is wrong. controls are needed

resources must be planned ahead, our current  
plan just for four months. where does  
international community want to draw a line?

France: growth of bank or other committee -  
 The decision will be guideline for  
 the committee, and for central measures to  
 be adopted. Hypothetical interest of 200 million  
 bank might undermine output -  
 This is quite real. But cream of the  
 crop is not in the area. Maybe force change -  
 profit shares with a zone....

Mexico: technology and capital for concentration  
 among for nations and companies. Has  
 government this to international authority?

France: Joint Ventures! on many international  
 authority may endorse,  
 big, painful process to catch up with  
 leading companies.

Other remedies: import tax a imports (industrial) nations  
 to increase funds for developing nations.

Europe: we need very strong Authority. does not now exist.

July 30, 1979

I<sup>st</sup> Committee: question, question, question.  
LDCs waiting up to get the "rechercher" authority  
is not in their interest. Mining will go on under  
national jurisdiction. No funds available for compensation  
basis of price.

USA very displeased w/ explanation.

Israel: discrepancies in forecasts of Shoup's UNCTAD -  
Secretary's reports: Secretary does not even attempt  
to quantify!

Partnership = our thing; exploitation is another.

Secretary G. has not even attempted to quantify increase  
in income from exploitation of Zaire!

more to African quotas: restrictions on natural products would not exist  
but of product imports into developing nations.

Zambia: international area may be economically viable  
- but some of its minerals are under  
national jurisdiction.

Common belief of marketing research under-  
mined and regime lacks economic viability



Evans - Jones

International regime: practice

"Knitting"

Scientific Research:

Rothke: necessity of - danger of  
acting without knowing

King: discrepancy between do. and dec.

WARIOKA

Tanzania: national jurisdiction and  
encouragement of science

VARGAS

Mexico: Politics and Science

Interaction: Government - State level,  
international relations

no political decision without scientific  
aspect

no science without social-political implications

structure: at policy making level -  
at "enterprise level"

Net May:

# Secretariat's Report on Ocean Minéral Resources

---

Patrick Martin  
(IOS (MO))

attended and signed "convocation" of NGOs -

Third day: The break-in. Guerrillas in search of weapons or the CIA in search of papers?

The neighbor lady, warning of police and makes  
"you see how armed guards!"

Fourth day (July 6) session with Guaya. Delegation.  
Excellent. Mother totally endorse BOON BOON GLOON,  
continued cooperation. he may speak for them.

Lunch with Anpa: with 1 Member - compare with  
rest of HQ  
Anpa to Halla  
Establishment of Postgraduate  
School for their affairs

Fifth day (July 7) Sunday. Keeping session with Parde. He  
Michelle has whole speed! review situation & Guayaquil  
parade.

with letter to Member discusses it with Parde.

Sixth day (July 8) Monday. Working with Pulvenc. For: Skavrapoula.  
Session o.k. with a relief. Talked to Nawre  
strong. o.k. Chance for Med because funds increasing  
considerable. Progress in state and basic  
development. His own speed - strong, precise,  
helpful in context, but very controversial in  
some points.

For Skavrapoula also accepted to come to discuss  
a 24 - and remain! - - Talked to  
Enye - my speed o.k. Talked to Costa who  
talked to Dapuy: interests possible

SB

1. Take excess paper here
2. Take some material for numbered chapter -  
including Apr 74 Proceedings US House  
and sub.

about program developments at European University. Cooperate  
with Merit program desirable.

American delegate very large. Best of intentions  
clear - to have everybody in, and these guys sell  
themselves as experts to develop nations.

No real America policy. Just having say  
with national currency.

Not Ambassador Stevenson. Nice guy.

very interesting lunch with Veneguelan: Emilio Figueiredo,  
Director de Coordinación Sustantiva de la  
Comisión Organizadora de la Conferencia  
Ialvein, con Vasey. Am. Canada & Conari.

They like Room Room and G.P.: also space require  
any answer to ec. zone. Have already prepared  
article to this effect!

Figueroa (Chile) statement reference to unity of  
also space and Pardo's concept!

made plan for seminars and public manifestations.

Themes: implications of economic zone for inter-  
national regime.

the use of also space and resources and  
their interaction.

2 closed, one public meetings.

They provide room, interpreters, kitchen &  
laundry ... Accommodations.

opening with Pardo: Rule of procedures: splendid.

Amendments on NOs introduced by

Holy See - Commission by Servid that

they must give a vote to Catholic  
organizations: (who are not here ...)



for the Study of Democratic Institutions / The Fund for the Republic, Inc.

## Notes

July 3. First day. Registered. Pardo. Stavropoulos. Shirley.  
Galindo. Dupuy. Ode. Engo. Pollard. Sierra Club. Alan Besly  
Listened to India. Canada. Columbia. Bolivia.

Discussion on "economic zone." Excellent generalities. In the void.  
What will be different in the E.C. zone from membership?  
only become his territory or so.

you have not yet begun to solve problem!

no change. Extension of status quo!

~~But~~  
Talks about joint ventures and ownership of resources is  
poetic.

Discussion on Europe is excellent.

But Europe - and the two regions to be  
needed - except that of Central of 6 nations.

expect of sector cooperation.

This part of dream - on the future. Set of exchange  
of papers and summary of your delegates' views and

Could someone in the house.

difficulties of view Club. American prohibition  
to participate! Perhaps they are not too anxious to  
entertain about their technology!

Growth of City. Auto parks. Will be 100 km  
long in 10 years. Misery of slums. 30 extra million  
from all. What to do with it?

July 4. Listened to statement by Nicaragua. "Latin Americans.  
U.N. terrible - even though recommending "good systems."  
Dev. nations should participate "when they are ready" -  
in the meantime, share profits in a manner  
determined by "an organ of the Authority" when they  
may even have a majority! - while the rest of  
the organization must be "economically efficient  
and not large..."

Fiji: regime: "Evolution" only when it has  
sufficient revenue. World Bank, regime  
should be merely regulatory.

Structure: conventional; Assembly - Council.

Greek islands: study of ocean space

archipelago nations: very expansive!

Cuba: disparity.



Chato all books - Romance, Sociology / Finance, Media

shelf: Latin Am. vs. Africa, Concept

book: Exploitability criteria is dead.

Regional organization : joint approach to environmental protection

IT/CONF 62.C.2.L.6

Regional institutions on technology transfer : A/CONF 62/C.3 L.3

also L.8 " to insure adequate and equitable transfer of technology in accordance with the concept of a common heritage of mankind in outer space.

Regional studies, financed by petroleum consortium, to handle fires and spills (Peru, Chile, Arg. 16).

IT/CONF 62/C.2/L.65. Regional economic zone

~~III Committee Report Part 3~~

Fishing: Canada: Freedom of fishing, as it has been traditionally understood and practised, is an approach that does not meet the needs of our time nor of the future.

Aug. 7 Sturgeon, Tanganyika: International control and management of fisheries in Internat. zone.

Australia:

L 57: International fisheries zone: Migratory species may be managed by appropriate regional body inside and outside EEZ.

Revenue & Co. July 9. Singapore

Conclusions:

Creeping privatization, basket of commodities

Chile: A new legal regime should apply not only to the mineral rights sector but also to secondary energy resources and there is permanent contact with the bottom, or held as to minerals in suspension in the water.

Figueredo, July 12. It is difficult to conceive of an alternative regime for the sector that would co-exist with a regime for the waters above which continues to reflect archaic formulas inspired by national self-interest.

Other steps:

While sent on July 11, the new legal regime should apply not only to the issuance of 4 permits but also to regulatory living resources and their permanent contact with the bottom, as well as to minerals in submersa in the waters.

Figueredo July 12